NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

INDEX NO. 615735/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 08/14/2019

COUNTY OF SUFFOLK	
X	
DDIAN O'HAD A	Date Index No. Purchased:
BRIAN O'HARA,	Index No.:
Plaintiff,	Plaintiff designates Suffolk
-against-	County as the place of trial.
	The basis of venue is plaintiff's
THE DIOCESE OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE and ST.	residence.
PATRICK ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH OF BAY SHORE,	SUMMONS
Defendants.	Plaintiff resides in Suffolk
X	County

The Above Named Defendants:

YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED to answer the complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer, or, if the complaint is not served with this summons, to serve a notice of appearance, on the Plaintiff's Attorney(s) within twenty (20) days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service (or within thirty (30) days after the service is complete if this summons is not personally delivered to you within the State of New York); and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated: New York, New York August 14, 2019

Yours, etc.,

By: Adam P. Slater, Esq.

SLATER SLATER SCHULMAN LLP

Counsel for Plaintiff

488 Madison Avenue, 20<sup>th</sup> Floor New York, New York 10022

alm P. States

(212) 922-0906

-and-

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

INDEX NO. 615735/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 08/14/2019

By: Gary Certain, Esq.

CERTAIN & ZILBERG, PLLC

Counsel for Plaintiff

488 Madison Avenue, 20th Floor

New York, New York 10022

(212) 687-7800

TO:

THE DIOCESE OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE 50 North Park Avenue Rockville Centre, New York 11570

ST. PATRICK ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH OF BAYSHORE 9 Clinton Avenue
Bay Shore, New York 11706

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

INDEX NO. 615735/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 08/14/2019

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK COUNTY OF SUFFOLK	
X	
	Date Filed:
BRIAN O'HARA,	Index No.:
Plaintiff,	VERIFIED COMPLAINT
-against-	
THE DIOCESE OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE and ST.	
PATRICK ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH OF BAY	
SHORE,	
X	

Plaintiff, BRIAN O'HARA ("Plaintiff"), by his attorneys Slater Schulman LLP and Certain & Zilberg, PLLC, brings this action against the DIOCESE OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE ("Diocese") and ST. PATRICK ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH OF BAY SHORE ("Church") and alleges, on personal knowledge as to himself and on information and belief as to all other matters, as follows:

### **JURISIDICTION AND VENUE**

- This action is brought pursuant to the Children Victims Act ("CVA") (L. 2019 c.
   See CPLR §§ 30.10; 208(b); 214-g.
- 2. This Court has personal jurisdiction over the Diocese pursuant to CPLR §§ 301 and 302, in that the Diocese either resides in New York or conducts or, at relevant times conducted, activities in New York that give rise to the claims asserted herein.
- 3. This Court has personal jurisdiction over the Church pursuant to CPLR §§ 301 and 302, in that the Church either resides in New York or conducts or, at relevant times conducted, activities in New York that give rise to the claims asserted herein.

COUNTY CLERK 08/14/2019

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

INDEX NO. 615735/2019 RECEIVED NYSCEF: 08/14/2019

4. This Court has jurisdiction over this action because the amount of damages Plaintiff seeks exceeds the jurisdictional limits of all lower courts which would otherwise have jurisdiction.

5. Venue for this action is proper in the County of Suffolk pursuant to CPLR § 503 in that one or more Defendants resides in this County and a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to the claims asserted herein occurred here.

#### **PARTIES**

- 6. Plaintiff is an individual residing in Suffolk County, New York. Plaintiff was approximately eight (8) or nine (9) years old at the time of the sexual abuse alleged herein.
- 7. At all times material to the Verified Complaint, Diocese was and continues to be a non-profit religious corporation, organized exclusively for charitable, religious, and educational purposes within the meaning of Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 8. At all times material to the Verified Complaint, Diocese was and remains authorized to conduct business under the laws of the State of New York.
- 9. At all times material to the Verified Complaint, Diocese's principal place of business is 50 North Park Avenue, Rockville Centre, New York 11571.
- 10. The Diocese oversees a variety of liturgical, sacramental, and faith formation programs.
- 11. The Diocese has various programs that seek out the participation of children in its activities.
- 12. The Diocese, through its agents, servants, and/or employees has control over those activities involving children.
- 13. The Diocese has the power to employ individuals working with and/or alongside children within defendant Diocese, including but not limited to those at the Church.

COUNTY CLERK 08/14/2019

INDEX NO. 615735/2019 RECEIVED NYSCEF: 08/14/2019

14. At all times material to the Verified Complaint, the Church was and continues to

be a religious New York State non-profit entity.

15. At all times material to the Verified Complaint, the Church maintained its principal

place of business at 9 Clinton Avenue, Bay Shore, New York 11706.

16. At all times material to the Verified Complaint, the Church is a parish operating

under the control of the Diocese.

17. At all times material to the Verified Complaint, the Church is a parish operating for

the benefit of the Diocese.

SCEF DOC. NO. 1

18. At all times material to the Verified Complaint Father Gerard ("Jerry") Chasse was

an agent, servant, and/or employee of the Church.

19. At all times material to the Verified Complaint Father Chasse was an agent, servant,

and/or employee of the Diocese.

20. At all times material to the Verified Complaint, while an agent, servant and/or

employee of the Church, Father Chasse remained under the control and supervision of the Diocese.

21. At all times material to the Verified Complaint, while an agent, servant and/or

employee of the Church, Father Chasse remained under the control and supervision of the Church.

22. At all times material to the Verified Complaint, while an agent, servant and/or

employee of the Diocese, Father Chasse remained under the control and supervision of the

Diocese.

23. At all times material to the Verified Complaint, while an agent, servant and/or

employee of the Diocese, Father Chasse remained under the control and supervision of the Church.

The Church placed Father Chasse in positions where he had immediate access to 24.

children.

COUNTY CLERK 08/14/2019

INDEX NO. 615735/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 08/14/2019

25. The Diocese placed Father Chasse in positions where he had immediate access to children.

## THE CATHOLIC CHURCH'S LONG HISTORY OF COVERING UP CHILD SEXUAL ABUSE

- 26. In 1962, the Vatican in Rome issued a Papal Instruction binding upon all Bishops throughout the world including the Bishop of the Diocese. The instruction was binding upon the Bishop of the Diocese. The instruction directed that allegations and reports of sexual abuse of children by priests were required to be kept secret and not disclosed either to civil authorities such as law enforcement, to co-employees or supervisors of parish priests, or to parishioners generally.
- Canon law requires Bishops to keep *subsecreto* files also known as confidential 27. files. These files are not to be made public.
- 28. Because of problems of sexual misconduct of Catholic clergy, the Catholic Church and other organizations sponsored treatment centers for priests that had been involved in sexual misconduct, including centers in Albuquerque, New Mexico, Suitland, Maryland, Downington Pennsylvania, and Ontario, Canada.
- 29. Sexual abuse of clerics by Catholic clergy has been a reality in the Catholic Church for centuries but has remained covered by deep secrecy. This secrecy is rooted in the official policies of the Catholic Church which are applicable to all dioceses and in fact are part of the practices of each diocese, including the Diocese. Sexual abuse of minors by Catholic clergy and religious leaders became publicly known in the mid 1980's as a result of media coverage of a case in Lafayette, Louisiana. Since that time, the media has continued to expose cases of clergy sexual abuse throughout the United States. In spite of these revelations as well as the many criminal and civil litigations the Church has been involved in as a result of clergy sexual abuse of minors, the bishops and other Church leaders continued to pursue a policy of secrecy.

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

INDEX NO. 615735/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 08/14/2019

30. All of the procedures required in the so-called "Dallas Charter" to purportedly protect children have been previously mandated in the Code of Canon Law but were consistently ignored by Catholic bishops. In place of the required processes, which would have kept a written record of cases of clergy sexual abuse, the bishops applied a policy of clandestine transfer of accused priests from one local or diocesan assignment to another or from one diocese to another. The receiving parishioners and often the receiving pastors were not informed of any accusations of sexual abuse of minors.

31. The truth concerning the extent of the frequency of sexual abuse at the hands of Catholic priests and Catholic Church's pervasive campaign to cover up such crimes continues to be revealed. In 2018, the State of Pennsylvania released a grand jury report releasing the name of over 300 "predator priests" in Pennsylvania alone who committed acts of sexual abuse on more than a thousand children, while also noting that there were "likely thousands more victims whose records were lost or who were too afraid to come forward." The report's opening remarks bear repeating here:

We, the members of this grand jury, need you to hear this. We know some of you have heard some of it before. There have been other reports about child sex abuse within the Catholic Church. But never on this scale. For many of us, those earlier stories happened someplace else, someplace away. Now we know the truth: it happened everywhere.

• • •

Most of the victims were boys; but there were girls too. Some were teens; many were prepubescent. Some were manipulated with alcohol or pornography. Some were made to masturbate their assailants or were groped by them. Some were raped orally, some vaginally, some anally. But all of them were brushed aside, in every part of the state, by church leaders who preferred to protect the abusers and their institution above all.

32. The 2018 grand jury report found numerous, pervasive strategies employed by the Catholic Church which the report referred to collectively as a "playbook for concealing the truth." These measures include but are not limited to the following:

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 08/14/2019

INDEX NO. 615735/2019

Make sure to use euphemisms rather than real words to describe the sexual assaults in diocese documents. Never say "rape"; say "inappropriate contact" or "boundary issues."

- Don't conduct genuine investigations with properly trained personnel. Instead, assign fellow clergy members to ask inadequate questions and then make credibility determinations about the colleagues with whom they live and work.
- For an appearance of integrity, send priests for "evaluation" at church-run psychiatric treatment centers. Allow these experts to "diagnose" whether the priest was a pedophile, based largely on the priest's "self-reports" and regardless of whether the priest had actually engaged in sexual contact with a child.
- When a priest does have to be removed, don't say why. Tell his parishioners that he is on "sick leave," or suffering from "nervous exhaustion." Or say nothing at all.
- Even if a priest is raping children, keep providing him housing and living expenses, although he may be using these resources to facilitate more sexual assaults.
- If a predator's conduct becomes known to the community, don't remove him from the priesthood to ensure that no more children will be victimized. Instead, transfer him to a new location where no one will know he is a child abuser.
- Finally, and above all, don't tell the police. Child sexual abuse, even short of actual penetration, is and has for all relevant times been a crime. But don't treat it that way; handle it like a personnel matter, "in house."
- 33. Refusal to disclose sexually abusing clerics to parishioners and even fellow clerics has been one way utilized by Defendant to maintain secrecy. Another has been to use various forms of persuasion on victims or their families to convince them to remain silent about incidents of abuse. These forms of persuasion have included methods that have ranged from sympathetic attempts to gain silence to direct intimidation to various kinds of threats. In so doing the clergy involved, from bishops to priests, have relied on their power to overwhelm victims and their families.

COUNTY CLERK 08/14/2019 02:22

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

INDEX NO. 615735/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 08/14/2019

34. The sexual abuse of children and the Catholic Church's abhorrent culture of concealing these crimes are at the heart of the allegations complained of herein.

35. The Child Victims Act was enacted for the explicit purpose of providing survivors of child sexual abuse with the recourse to bring a private right of action against the sexual predators who abused them and the institutions that concealed their crimes.

#### **FACTS**

- 36. Plaintiff was raised in a devout Roman Catholic family and, in or around 1972, when Plaintiff was approximately eight (8) or nine (9) years old, Plaintiff attended the Church, a church within and under the auspices of the Diocese.
- 37. At all relevant times, Plaintiff participated in youth activities and church activities at the Church.
- 38. During and through these activities, Plaintiff, as a minor and vulnerable child, was dependent on the Church and Father Chasse.
- 39. During and through these activities the Church had custody of Plaintiff and accepted the entrustment of Plaintiff.
- 40. During and through these activities, the Church had responsibility of Plaintiff and authority over him.
- 41. During and through these activities, Plaintiff, as a minor and vulnerable child, was dependent on the Diocese and Father Chasse.
- 42. During and through these activities the Diocese had custody of Plaintiff and accepted the entrustment of Plaintiff.
- During and through these activities, the Diocese had responsibility of Plaintiff and 43. authority over him.

COUNTY CLERK

SCEF DOC. NO. 1

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 08/14/2019

INDEX NO. 615735/2019

44. Through his positions at, within, or for the Church, Father Chasse was put in direct contact with Plaintiff, a member of the Church. It was under these circumstances that Plaintiff

came to be under the direction, contact, and control of Father Chasse, who used his position of

authority and trust over Plaintiff to sexually abuse and harass Plaintiff.

45. Through his positions at, within, or for the Diocese, Father Chasse was put in direct

contact with Plaintiff, a member of the Church. It was under these circumstances that Plaintiff

came to be under the direction, contact, and control of Father Chasse, who used his position of

authority and trust over Plaintiff to sexually abuse and harass Plaintiff.

46. On numerous occasions, while Plaintiff was a minor, Father Chasse while acting as

a priest, counselor, teacher, trustee, director, officer, employee, agent, servant and/or volunteer of

the Church sexually assaulted, sexually abused and/or had sexual contact with Plaintiff in violation

of the laws of the State of New York.

47. On numerous occasions, while Plaintiff was a minor, Father Chasse while acting as

a priest, counselor, teacher, trustee, director, officer, employee, agent, servant and/or volunteer of

the Diocese sexually assaulted, sexually abused and/or had sexual contact with Plaintiff in

violation of the laws of the State of New York.

48. The abuse occurred in or about 1972.

49. Plaintiff's relationship to the Church, as a vulnerable minor, parishioner and

participant in Church activities, was one in which Plaintiff was subject to the Church's ongoing

influence. The dominating culture of the Catholic Church over Plaintiff pressured Plaintiff not to

report Father Chasse's sexual abuse of him.

50. Plaintiff's relationship to the Diocese, as a vulnerable minor, parishioner and

participant in Church activities, was one in which Plaintiff was subject to the Diocese's ongoing

COUNTY CLERK 08/14/2019

INDEX NO. 615735/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 08/14/2019

influence. The dominating culture of the Catholic Church over Plaintiff pressured Plaintiff not to

report Father Chasse's sexual abuse of him.

At no time did the Diocese ever send an official, a member of the clergy, an 51.

investigator or any employee or independent contractor to the Church to advise the parishioners

either verbally or through a church bulletin that there were credible allegations against Father

Chasse and to request that anyone who saw, suspected or suffered sexual abuse to come forward

and file a report with the police department. Rather, the Diocese remained silent.

At all times material hereto, Father Chasse was under the direct supervision, 52.

employ and/or control of the Church.

53. At all times material hereto, Father Chasse was under the direct supervision,

employ and/or control of the Diocese.

The Church knew and/or reasonably should have known, and/or knowingly 54.

condoned, and/or covered up, the inappropriate and unlawful sexual activities of Father Chasse

who sexually abused Plaintiff.

55. The Diocese knew and/or reasonably should have known, and/or knowingly

condoned, and/or covered up, the inappropriate and unlawful sexual activities of Father Chasse

who sexually abused Plaintiff.

56. The Church negligently or recklessly believed that Father Chasse was fit to work

with children and/or that any previous problems he had were fixed and cured; that Father Chasse

would not sexually molest children; and that Father Chasse would not injure children.

57. The Diocese negligently or recklessly believed that Father Chasse was fit to work

with children and/or that any previous problems he had were fixed and cured; that Father Chasse

would not sexually molest children; and that Father Chasse would not injure children.

11

COUNTY CLERK 08/14/2019

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 08/14/2019

INDEX NO. 615735/2019

58. The Church had the responsibility to supervise and/or direct priests serving at the Church, and specifically, had a duty not to aid a pedophile such as Father Chasse, by assigning,

maintaining and/or appointing him to a position with access to minors.

59. The Diocese had the responsibility to supervise and/or direct priests serving at the

Church, and specifically, had a duty not to aid a pedophile such as Father Chasse, by assigning,

maintaining and/or appointing him to a position with access to minors.

60. By holding Father Chasse out as safe to work with children, and by undertaking the

custody, supervision of, and/or care of the minor Plaintiff, the Church entered into a fiduciary

relationship with the minor Plaintiff. As a result of Plaintiff's being a minor, and by the Church

undertaking the care and guidance of the vulnerable minor Plaintiff, the Church held a position of

empowerment over Plaintiff.

By holding Father Chasse out as safe to work with children, and by undertaking the 61.

custody, supervision of, and/or care of the minor Plaintiff, the Diocese entered into a fiduciary

relationship with the minor Plaintiff. As a result of Plaintiff's being a minor, and by the Diocese

undertaking the care and guidance of the vulnerable minor Plaintiff, the Diocese held a position of

empowerment over Plaintiff.

62. The Church, by holding itself out as being able to provide a safe environment for

children, solicited and/or accepted this position of empowerment. This empowerment prevented

the then minor Plaintiff from effectively protecting himself. the Church thus entered into a

fiduciary relationship with Plaintiff.

The Diocese, by holding itself out as being able to provide a safe environment for 63.

children, solicited and/or accepted this position of empowerment. This empowerment prevented

COUNTY CLERK 08/14/2019

INDEX NO. 615735/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 08/14/2019

the then minor Plaintiff from effectively protecting himself. The Diocese thus entered into a

fiduciary relationship with Plaintiff.

64. The Church had a special relationship with Plaintiff.

The Diocese had a special relationship with Plaintiff. 65.

The Church owed Plaintiff a duty of reasonable care because the Church had 66.

superior knowledge about the risk that Father Chasse posed to Plaintiff, the risk of abuse in general

in their programs, and/or the risks that their facilities posed to minor children.

The Diocese owed Plaintiff a duty of reasonable care because the Diocese had 67.

superior knowledge about the risk that Father Chasse posed to Plaintiff, the risk of abuse in general

in their programs, and/or the risks that their facilities posed to minor children.

68. The Church owed Plaintiff a duty of reasonable care because it solicited youth and

parents for participation in its youth programs; encouraged youth and parents to have the youth

participate in its programs; undertook custody of minor children, including Plaintiff; promoted its

facilities and programs as being safe for children; held its agents including Father Chasse out as

safe to work with children; encouraged parents and children to spend time with its agents; and/or

encouraged its agents, including Father Chasse, to spend time with, interact with, and recruit

children.

69. The Diocese owed Plaintiff a duty of reasonable care because it solicited youth and

parents for participation in its youth programs; encouraged youth and parents to have the youth

participate in its programs; undertook custody of minor children, including Plaintiff; promoted its

facilities and programs as being safe for children; held its agents including Father Chasse out as

safe to work with children; encouraged parents and children to spend time with its agents; and/or

13

COUNTY CLERK 08/14/2019

INDEX NO. 615735/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 08/14/2019

encouraged its agents, including Father Chasse, to spend time with, interact with, and recruit children.

- 70. The Church owed Plaintiff a duty to protect Plaintiff from harm because the Church's actions created a foreseeable risk of harm to Plaintiff.
- 71. The Diocese owed Plaintiff a duty to protect Plaintiff from harm because the Diocese's actions created a foreseeable risk of harm to Plaintiff.
- 72. The Church's breach of its duties include, but are not limited to: failure to have sufficient policies and procedures to prevent child sexual abuse, failure to properly implement the policies and procedures to prevent child sexual abuse, failure to take reasonable measures to make sure that the policies and procedures to prevent child sexual abuse were working, failure to adequately inform families and children or the risks of child sexual abuse, failure to investigate risks of child sexual abuse, failure to properly train the workers at institutions and programs within the Church, geographical confines, failure to protect children in their programs from child sexual abuse, failure to adhere to the applicable standard of care for child safety, failure to investigate the amount and type of information necessary to represent the institutions, programs, leaders and people as safe, failure to train their employees properly to identify signs of child molestation by fellow employees, failure by relying on mental health professionals, and/or failure by relying on people who claimed that they could treat child molesters.
- 73. The Diocese's breach of its duties include, but are not limited to: failure to have sufficient policies and procedures to prevent child sexual abuse, failure to properly implement the policies and procedures to prevent child sexual abuse, failure to take reasonable measures to make sure that the policies and procedures to prevent child sexual abuse were working, failure to adequately inform families and children or the risks of child sexual abuse, failure to investigate

NVSCEE DOC NO 1

INDEX NO. 615735/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 08/14/2019

risks of child sexual abuse, failure to properly train the workers at institutions and programs within

the Diocese, geographical confines, failure to protect children in their programs from child sexual

abuse, failure to adhere to the applicable standard of care for child safety, failure to investigate the

amount and type of information necessary to represent the institutions, programs, leaders and

people as safe, failure to train their employees properly to identify signs of child molestation by

fellow employees, failure by relying on mental health professionals, and/or failure by relying on

people who claimed that they could treat child molesters.

74. The Church also breached their duties to Plaintiff by failing to warn Plaintiff and

Plaintiff's family of the risk that Father Chasse posed and the risks of child sexual abuse by clerics.

the Church also failed to warn Plaintiff about any of the knowledge that it had about child sexual

abuse.

75. The Diocese also breached their duties to Plaintiff by failing to warn Plaintiff and

Plaintiff's family of the risk that Father Chasse posed and the risks of child sexual abuse by clerics.

The Diocese also failed to warn Plaintiff about any of the knowledge that it had about child sexual

abuse.

76. The Church also violated a legal duty by failing to report known and/or suspected

abuse of children by Father Chasse and/or their other agents to the police and law enforcement.

77. The Diocese also violated a legal duty by failing to report known and/or suspected

abuse of children by Father Chasse and/or their other agents to the police and law enforcement.

78. By employing Father Chasse at the Church, and other facilities within the Diocese,

the Diocese, through its agents, affirmatively represented to minor children and their families that

Father Chasse did not pose a threat to children, did not have a history of molesting children, that

15

08/14/2019 COUNTY CLERK

INDEX NO. 615735/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 08/14/2019

the Diocese did not know that Father Chasse had a history of molesting children, and that the Diocese did not know that Father Chasse was a danger to children.

- 79. By employing Father Chasse at the Church, the Church through its agents, affirmatively represented to minor children and their families that Father Chasse did not pose a threat to children, did not have a history of molesting children, that the Church did not know that Father Chasse had a history of molesting children, and that the Church did not know that Father Chasse was a danger to children.
- The Church induced Plaintiff and Plaintiff's family to rely on these affirmations 80. and did rely on them.
- 81. The Diocese has never publicly admitted the veracity of the allegations against Father Chasse, warned the public and/or conducted outreach to potential victims of his sexual abuse. The pattern and practice of intentionally failing to disclose the identities and locations of sexually inappropriate and/or abusive clerics has been practiced by the Diocese for decades and continues through current day. The failure to disclose the identities of allegedly sexually inappropriate and/or abusive clerics is unreasonable and knowingly or recklessly creates or maintains a condition which endangers the safety or health of a considerable number of members of the public, including Plaintiff.
- 82. By allowing Father Chasse to remain in active ministry, the Diocese, through its agents, has made and continues to make affirmative representations to minor children and their families, including Plaintiff and Plaintiff's family, that Father Chasse does not pose a threat to children, does not have a history of molesting children, that the Diocese does not know that Father Chasse has a history of molesting children and that the Diocese does not know that Father Chasse is a danger to children.

COUNTY CLERK

INDEX NO. 615735/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 08/14/2019

83. The Diocese induced Plaintiff and Plaintiff's family to rely on these affirmations

and they did rely on them.

By allowing Father Chasse to remain in active ministry, the Church, through its 84.

agents, has made and continues to make affirmative representations to minor children and their

families, including Plaintiff and Plaintiff's family, that Father Chasse does not pose a threat to

children, does not have a history of molesting children, that the Church does not know that Father

Chasse has a history of molesting children and that the Church does not know that Father Chasse

is a danger to children.

85. As a result of Defendants' conduct described herein, Plaintiff has and will continue

to suffer personal physical and psychological injuries, including but not limited to great pain of

mind and body, severe and permanent emotional distress, physical manifestations of emotional

distress, problems sleeping, concentrating, low self-confidence, low self-respect, low self-esteem,

feeling of worthlessness, feeling shameful, and embarrassed, feeling alone and isolated, losing

faith in God, losing faith in authority figures, feeling estranged from the church, struggling with

alcohol and substance problems, struggling with gainful employment and career advancement,

feeling helpless, and hopeless, problems with sexual intimacy, relationship problems, trust issues,

feeling confused and angry, depression, anxiety, feeling dirty, used, and damaged, suicidal

ideations, having traumatic flashbacks, feeling that his/her childhood and innocence was stolen,

and feeling that his life was ruined. Plaintiff was prevented and will continue to be prevented from

performing Plaintiff's normal daily activities; has incurred and will continue to incur expenses for

medical and psychological treatment, therapy, and counseling; and, on information and belief, has

incurred and will continue to incur loss of income and/or loss of earning capacity. As a victim of

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

INDEX NO. 615735/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 08/14/2019

Defendants' misconduct, Plaintiff is unable at this time to fully describe all the details of that abuse

and the extent of the harm Plaintiff suffered as a result.

86. The Church violated various New York statutes, including, but not limited to N.Y.

Soc. Serv. Law §§ 413 and 420, which require, inter alia, school officials, teachers, day care center

workers, providers of family or group family day care, and any other child care worker to report

suspected cases of child abuse and impose liability for failure to report.

87. The Diocese violated various New York statutes, including, but not limited to N.Y.

Soc. Serv. Law §§ 413 and 420, which require, inter alia, school officials, teachers, day care center

workers, providers of family or group family day care, and any other child care worker to report

suspected cases of child abuse and impose liability for failure to report.

88. The injuries and damages suffered by Plaintiff are specific in kind to Plaintiff

special, peculiar, and above and beyond those injuries and damages suffered by the public.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION: NEGLIGENCE

89. Plaintiff repeats and realleges by reference each and every allegation set forth above

as if fully set forth herein.

90. The Church knew or was negligent in not knowing that Father Chasse posed a threat

of sexual abuse to children.

91. The Diocese knew or was negligent in not knowing that Father Chasse posed a

threat of sexual abuse to children.

92. The acts of Father Chasse described hereinabove were undertaken, and/or enabled

by, and/or during the course, and/or within the scope of his employment, appointment, and/or

agency with the Church.

18

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 08/14/2019

INDEX NO. 615735/2019

93. The acts of Father Chasse described hereinabove were undertaken, and/or enabled by, and/or during the course, and/or within the scope of his employment, appointment, and/or agency with the Diocese.

- 94. The Church owed Plaintiff a duty to protect Plaintiff from Father Chasse's sexual deviancy, both prior to and/or subsequent to Father Chasse's misconduct.
- 95. The Diocese owed Plaintiff a duty to protect Plaintiff from Father Chasse's sexual deviancy, both prior to and/or subsequent to Father Chasse's misconduct.
- The Church's willful, wanton, grossly negligent and/or negligent act(s) of 96. commission and/or omission, resulted directly and/or proximately in the damages set forth herein at length.
- The Diocese's willful, wanton, grossly negligent and/or negligent act(s) of 97. commission and/or omission, resulted directly and/or proximately in the damages set forth herein at length.
- 98. At all times material hereto, with regard to the allegations contained herein, Father Chasse was under the direct supervision, employ and/or control of the Church.
- 99. At all times material hereto, with regard to the allegations contained herein, Father Chasse was under the direct supervision, employ and/or control of the Diocese.
- 100. At all times material hereto, the Church's actions were willful, wanton, malicious, reckless, and outrageous in their disregard for the rights and safety of Plaintiff.
- 101. At all times material hereto, the Diocese's actions were willful, wanton, malicious, reckless, and outrageous in their disregard for the rights and safety of Plaintiff
- 102. As a direct and/or indirect result of said conduct, Plaintiff has suffered the injuries and damages described herein.

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

and costs.

INDEX NO. 615735/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 08/14/2019

By reason of the foregoing, Defendants jointly, severally and/or in the alternative, are liable to Plaintiff for compensatory damages, and for punitive damages, together with interest

# ${\bf SECOND} \ {\bf CAUSE} \ {\bf OF} \ {\bf ACTION:} \ {\bf NEGLIGENT} \ {\bf HIRING,} \ {\bf RETENTION,} \ {\bf SUPERVISION,}$ AND/OR DIRECTION

- 104. Plaintiff repeats and realleges by reference each and every allegation set forth in paragraphs 1 through 88 as if fully set forth herein.
  - 105. The Church hired Father Chasse.
  - 106. The Diocese hired Father Chasse.
- 107. The Church hired Father Chasse for a position that required him to work closely with, mentor, and counsel young boys and girls.
- 108. Diocese hired Father Chasse for a position that required him to work closely with, mentor, and counsel young boys and girls.
- 109. The Church was negligent in hiring Father Chasse because it knew or should have known, through the exercise of reasonable care of Father Chasse's propensity to develop inappropriate relationships with children in his charge and to engage in sexual behavior and lewd and lascivious conduct with such children.
- The Diocese was negligent in hiring Father Chasse because it knew or should have 110. known, through the exercise of reasonable care of Father Chasse's propensity to develop inappropriate relationships with children in his charge and to engage in sexual behavior and lewd and lascivious conduct with such children.
- 111. Father Chasse would not and could not have been in a position to sexually abuse Plaintiff had he not been hired by the Church to mentor and counsel children in the Church.
  - Father Chasse continued to molest Plaintiff while at the Church. 112.

COUNTY CLERK 08/14/2019 02:22

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 08/14/2019

INDEX NO. 615735/2019

Father Chasse would not and could not have been in a position to sexually abuse 113.

Plaintiff had he not been hired by Diocese to mentor and counsel children in the Church.

Father Chasse continued to molest plaintiff while at the Church. 114.

The harm complained of herein was foreseeable. 115.

116. Plaintiff would have been not suffered the foreseeable harm complained of herein

but for the negligence of the Church in having placed Father Chasse, and/or allowed Father Chasse

to remain in his position.

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

Plaintiff would have been not suffered the foreseeable harm complained of herein 117.

but for the negligence of the Diocese in having placed Father Chasse, and/or allowed Father Chasse

to remain in his position.

At all times while Father Chasse was employed or appointed by the Church, he was 118.

supervised by the Church and/or their agents and employees.

At all times while Father Chasse was employed or appointed by the Church, he was 119.

under the direction of, and/or answerable to, the Church and/or their agents and employees.

120. At all times while Father Chasse was employed or appointed by the Diocese, he

was supervised by the Diocese and/or their agents and employees.

121. At all times while Father Chasse was employed or appointed by the Diocese, he

was under the direction of, and/or answerable to, the Diocese and/or their agents and employees.

122. The Church was negligent in its direction and/or supervision of Father Chasse in

that it knew or should have known, through the exercise of ordinary care that Father Chasse's

conduct would subject third parties to an unreasonable risk of harm, including Father Chasse's

propensity to develop inappropriate relationships with children under his charge and to engage in

sexual behavior and lewd and lascivious conduct with such children.

COUNTY CLERK 08/14/2019

SCEF DOC. NO. 1

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 08/14/2019

INDEX NO. 615735/2019

123. The Church failed to take steps to prevent such conduct from occurring.

The Diocese was negligent in their direction and/or supervision of Father Chasse 124.

that it knew or should have known, through the exercise of ordinary care, that Father Chasse's

conduct would subject third parties to an unreasonable risk of harm, including Father Chasse's

propensity to develop inappropriate relationships with children under his charge and to engage in

sexual behavior and lewd and lascivious conduct with such children.

125. The Diocese failed to take steps to prevent such conduct from occurring.

The Church was negligent in its retention of Father Chasse in that that it knew, or 126.

should have known, of his propensity to develop inappropriate relationships with children under

his charge and to engage in sexual behavior and lewd and lascivious conduct with such children.

127. The Church retained Father Chasse in his position as mentor and counselor to such

children and thus left him in a position to continue such behavior.

128. The Diocese was negligent in its retention of Father Chasse in that that it knew, or

should have known, of his propensity to develop inappropriate relationships with children under

his charge and to engage in sexual behavior and lewd and lascivious conduct with such children.

129. The Diocese retained Father Chasse in his position as mentor and counselor to such

children and thus left him in a position to continue such behavior.

130. The Church was further negligent in its retention, supervision, and/or direction of

Father Chasse in that Father Chasse sexually molested Plaintiff on the premises of the Church.

131. The Church failed to take reasonable steps to prevent such events from occurring

on their premises.

132. The Diocese was further negligent in its retention, supervision, and/or direction of

Father Chasse in that Father Chasse sexually molested Plaintiff on the premises of the Diocese.

COUNTY CLERK 08/14/2019

INDEX NO. 615735/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 08/14/2019

The Diocese failed to take reasonable steps to prevent such events from occurring 133.

on their premises.

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

Father Chasse would not and could not have been in a position to sexually abuse 134.

Plaintiff had he not been negligently retained, supervised, and/or directed by the Church as a

mentor and counselor to the infant parishioners of the Church, including Plaintiff.

135. Father Chasse would not and could not have been in a position to sexually abuse

Plaintiff had he not been negligently retained, supervised, and/or directed by the Diocese as a

mentor and counselor to the infant parishioners of the Diocese, including Plaintiff.

136. By reason of the foregoing, Defendants, jointly, severally and/or in the alternative,

are liable to Plaintiff for compensatory damages, and for punitive damages, together with interest

and costs

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION: BREACH OF FIDUCIARY DUTY

Plaintiff repeats and realleges each and every allegation set forth in paragraphs 1 137.

through 88 as if fully set forth herein.

138. Through the position to which Father Chasse was assigned by the Church, Father

Chasse was placed in direct contact with Plaintiff.

139. Father Chasse was assigned as a priest at the Church, including as a teacher

assigned to teach Plaintiff.

140. It was under these circumstances that Plaintiff was entrusted to the care of the

Church and - under their authority - came to be under the direction, control and dominance of,

Father Chasse.

141. As a result, Father Chasse used his position to sexually abuse and harass Plaintiff.

23

COUNTY CLERK 08/14/2019 02:22

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

INDEX NO. 615735/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 08/14/2019

142. Through the position to which Father Chasse was assigned by the Diocese, Father Chasse was put in direct contact with Plaintiff, then a minor.

- As a result, Father Chasse used his position to sexually abuse and harass Plaintiff. 143.
- 144. There existed a fiduciary relationship of trust, confidence, and reliance between Plaintiff and the Church.
- There existed a fiduciary relationship of trust, confidence, and reliance between 145. Plaintiff and the Diocese
- Pursuant to its fiduciary relationship, the Church was entrusted with the well-being, 146. care, and safety of Plaintiff.
- Pursuant to its fiduciary relationship, the Diocese was entrusted with the wellbeing, care, and safety of Plaintiff.
- Pursuant to its fiduciary relationship, the Church assumed a duty to act in the best interests of Plaintiff.
- 149. Pursuant to its fiduciary relationship, the Diocese assumed a duty to act in the best interests of Plaintiff.
  - 150. The Church breached its fiduciary duties to Plaintiff.
  - 151. The Diocese breached its fiduciary duties to Plaintiff.
- 152. At all times material hereto, the Church's actions and/or inactions were willful, wanton, malicious, reckless, and/or outrageous in its disregard for the rights and safety of Plaintiff.
- 153. At all times material hereto, the Diocese's actions and/or inactions were willful, wanton, malicious, reckless, and/or outrageous in its disregard for the rights and safety of Plaintiff.
- As a direct result of said conduct, Plaintiff has suffered the injuries and damages 154. described herein.

INDEX NO. 615735/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 08/14/2019

By reason of the foregoing, Defendants, jointly, severally and/or in the alternative, 155. are liable to Plaintiff for compensatory and punitive damages, together with interest and costs.

## FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION: BREACH OF NON-DELAGABLE DUTY

- 156. Plaintiff repeats and realleges each and every allegation set forth in paragraphs 1 through 88 as if fully set forth herein.
- 157. Plaintiff, when she was a minor, was placed in the care of the Church for the purposes of, inter alia, providing Plaintiff with a safe environment to receive an education.
- As a result, there existed a non-delegable duty of trust between Plaintiff and the 158. Church.
- 159. When Plaintiff was a minor, Plaintiff was placed in the care of the Diocese for the purposes of, inter alia, providing Plaintiff with a safe environment to receive an education.
- As a result, there existed a non-delegable duty of trust between Plaintiff and the 160. Diocese.
  - Plaintiff was a vulnerable child when placed within the care of the Church.
  - 162. Plaintiff was a vulnerable child when placed within the care of the Diocese.
- 163. Consequently, the Church was in the best position to prevent Plaintiff's abuse, and to learn of Father Chasse's repeated sexual abuse of Plaintiff and stop it.
- 164. Consequently, the Diocese was in the best position to prevent Plaintiff's abuse, and to learn of Father Chasse's repeated sexual abuse of Plaintiff and stop it.
- By virtue of the fact that Plaintiff was sexually abused as a minor student entrusted 165. to the care of the Church, the Church breached its non-delegable duty to Plaintiff.
- 166. By virtue of the fact that Plaintiff was sexually abused as a minor student entrusted to the care of the Diocese, the Diocese breached its non-delegable duty to Plaintiff.

COUNTY CLERK 08/14/2019

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

INDEX NO. 615735/2019 RECEIVED NYSCEF: 08/14/2019

At all times material hereto, Father Chasse was under the direct supervision, employ and/or control of the Church.

168. At all times material hereto, Father Chasse was under the direct supervision,

employ and/or control of the Diocese.

169. As a direct result of said conduct, Plaintiff has suffered the injuries and damages

described herein.

170. By reason of the foregoing, Defendants, jointly, severally and/or in the alternative,

are liable to Plaintiff for compensatory and punitive damages, together with interest and costs.

FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION: BREACH OF DUTY IN LOCO PARENTIS

171. Plaintiff repeats and realleges each and every allegation set forth in paragraphs 1

through 88 as if fully set forth herein.

Plaintiff was a minor when his parents entrusted him to the control of the Church 172.

for the purpose of, inter alia, providing Plaintiff with an education.

173. The Church owed a duty to adequately supervise its students to prevent foreseeable

injuries.

As a result, the Church owed a duty to Plaintiff in loco parentis. 174.

175. Plaintiff was a minor when his parents entrusted him to the control of the Diocese

for the purposes of, inter alia, providing Plaintiff with an education.

176. The Diocese owed a duty to adequately supervise its students to prevent foreseeable

injuries.

As a result, the Diocese owed a duty to Plaintiff in loco parentis. 177.

178. The Church breached their duty in loco parentis.

179. The Diocese breached their duty in loco parentis.

26

COUNTY CLERK 08/14/2019 02:22

INDEX NO. 615735/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 08/14/2019

At all times material hereto, the Church's actions were willful, wanton, malicious, reckless, negligent, grossly negligent and/or outrageous in its disregard for the rights and safety of

At all times material hereto, the Diocese's actions were willful, wanton, malicious, 181.

reckless, negligent, grossly negligent and/or outrageous in its disregard for the rights and safety of

Plaintiff.

Plaintiff.

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

182. As a direct result of the Church's conduct, Plaintiff has suffered the injuries and

damages described herein.

183. As a direct result of the Diocese's conduct, Plaintiff has suffered the injuries and

damages described herein.

By reason of the foregoing, Defendants, jointly, severally and/or in the alternative,

are liable to Plaintiff for compensatory and punitive damages, together with interest and costs.

SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION: INTENTIONAL INFLICTION OF **EMOTIONAL DISTRESS** 

Plaintiff repeats and realleges each and every allegation set forth in paragraphs 1 185.

through 88 as if fully set forth herein.

At the time Father Chasse molested Plaintiff, which Father Chasse knew would

cause, or disregarded the substantial probability that it would cause, severe emotional distress, the

Church employed Father Chasse as Plaintiff's mentor and counselor.

It was part of Father Chasse's job as role model and mentor to gain Plaintiff's trust. 187.

Father Chasse used his position, and the representations made by the Church about his character

that accompanied that position, to gain Plaintiff's trust and confidence and to create opportunities

to violate Plaintiff.

27

ILED: SUFFOLK COUNTY CLERK 08/14/2019 02:22 AM INDEX NO. 615735/2019

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 08/14/2019

188. At the time Father Chasse molested Plaintiff, which Father Chasse knew would

cause, or disregarded the substantial probability that it would cause, severe emotional distress, the

Diocese employed Father Chasse as Plaintiff's mentor and counselor.

189. It was part of Father Chasse's job as role model and mentor to gain Plaintiff's trust.

Father Chasse used his position, and the representations made by the Diocese about his character

that accompanied that position, to gain Plaintiff's trust and confidence and to create opportunities

to violate Plaintiff.

190. The Church knew and/or disregarded the substantial probability that Father

Chasse's conduct would cause severe emotional distress to Plaintiff.

191. The Diocese knew and/or disregarded the substantial probability that Father

Chasse's conduct would cause severe emotional distress to Plaintiff.

192. Plaintiff suffered severe emotional distress, including psychological and emotional

injury as described above.

193. This distress was caused by Father Chasse's sexual abuse of Plaintiff.

194. The sexual abuse of Plaintiff was extreme and outrageous conduct, beyond all

possible bounds of decency, atrocious and intolerable in a civilized community.

195. The Church is liable for Father Chasse's conduct under the doctrine of *respondeat* 

superior.

196. The Diocese is liable for Father Chasse's conduct under the doctrine of respondeat

superior.

197. By reason of the foregoing, Defendants, jointly, severally and/or in the alternative,

are liable to Plaintiff for compensatory and punitive damages, together with interest and costs.

SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION: NEGLIGENT INFLICTION OF

**EMOTIONAL DISTRESS** 

28

COUNTY CLERK 08/14/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 08/14/2019

INDEX NO. 615735/2019

198. Plaintiff repeats and realleges each and every allegation set forth in paragraphs 1

through 88 as if fully set forth herein.

As set forth at length herein, the actions of the Church, its predecessors and/or 199.

successors, agents, servants and/or employees, were conducted in a negligent and/or grossly

negligent manner.

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

200. As set forth at length herein, the actions of the Diocese, its predecessors and/or

successors, agents, servants and/or employees were conducted in a negligent and/or grossly

negligent manner.

The Church's actions endangered Plaintiff's safety and caused him to fear for his 201.

own safety.

202. The Diocese's actions endangered Plaintiff's safety and caused his to fear for his

own safety.

203. As a direct and proximate result of the Church's actions, which included but were

not limited to, negligent and/or grossly negligent conduct, Plaintiff suffered the severe injuries and

damages described herein, including but not limited to, mental and emotional distress.

204. As a direct and proximate result of the Diocese's actions, which included but were

not limited to, negligent and/or grossly negligent conduct, Plaintiff suffered the severe injuries and

damages described herein, including but not limited to, mental and emotional distress.

205. In addition to its own direct liability for negligently inflicting emotional distress on

Plaintiff, the Church is also liable for Father Chasse's negligent infliction of emotional distress

under the doctrine of respondeat superior.

206. At the time Father Chasse breached his duty to Plaintiff, Father Chasse was

employed as Plaintiff's mentor and counselor by the Church.

COUNTY CLERK 08/14/2019 02:22

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 08/14/2019

INDEX NO. 615735/2019

It was part of Father Chasse's job as role model and mentor to gain Plaintiff's trust.

Father Chasse used his position, and the representations made by the Church about his character

that accompanied that position, to gain Plaintiff's trust and confidence and to create opportunities

to be alone with, and touch, Plaintiff.

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

In addition to its own direct liability for negligently inflicting emotional distress on 208.

Plaintiff, the Diocese is also liable for Father Chasse's negligent infliction of emotional distress

under the doctrine of respondeat superior.

209. At the time Father Chasse breached his duty to Plaintiff, Father Chasse was

employed as Plaintiff's mentor and counselor by the Diocese.

It was part of Father Chasse's job as role model and mentor to gain Plaintiff's trust. 210.

Father Chasse used his position, and the representations made by the Diocese about his character

that accompanied that position, to gain Plaintiff's trust and confidence and to create opportunities

to be alone with, and touch, Plaintiff.

By reason of the foregoing, Defendants, jointly, severally and/or in the alternative,

are liable to Plaintiff for compensatory damages, and for punitive damages, together with interest

and costs.

EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION: BREACH OF STATUTORY DUTY TO REPORT ABUSE UNDER SOC. SERV. LAW §§ 413, 420

212. Plaintiff repeats and realleges each and every allegation set forth in paragraphs 1

through 88 as if fully set forth herein.

213. Pursuant to N.Y. Soc. Serv. Law §§ 413 and 420, the Church had a statutorily

imposed duty to report reasonable suspicion of abuse of children in their care.

214. Pursuant to N.Y. Soc. Serv. Law §§ 413 and 420, the Diocese had a statutorily

imposed duty to report reasonable suspicion of abuse of children in their care.

COUNTY CLERK

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

INDEX NO. 615735/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 08/14/2019

The Church breached that duty by knowingly and willfully failing to report 215.

reasonable suspicion of abuse by Father Chasse of children in its care.

The Diocese breached that duty by knowingly and willfully failing to report 216.

reasonable suspicion of abuse by Father Chasse of children in its care.

217. As a direct and/or indirect result of said conduct, Plaintiff has suffered injuries and

damages described herein.

By reason of the foregoing, Defendants, jointly, severally and/or in the alternative, 218.

are liable to plaintiff for compensatory damages, and for punitive damages, together with interest

and costs.

WHEREFORE, it is respectfully requested that the Court grant judgment in this action in

favor of the Plaintiff, and against the Defendants, in a sum of money in excess of the jurisdictional

limits of all lower courts which would otherwise have jurisdiction, together with all applicable

interest, costs, disbursements, as well as punitive damages and such other, further and different

relief as the Court in its discretion shall deem to be just, proper and equitable.

Plaintiff further places Defendants on notice and reserves the right that to interpose claims

sounding in Fraudulent Concealment, Deceptive Practices and/or Civil Conspiracy should the facts

and discovery materials support such claims.

Dated: New York, New York

August 14, 2019

Yours, etc.,

By: Adam P. Slater, Esq.

SLATER SLATER SCHULMAN LLP

Counsel for Plaintiff

488 Madison Avenue, 20th Floor

Apr P. States

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

INDEX NO. 615735/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 08/14/2019

New York, New York 10022 (212) 922-0906

-and-

By: Gary Certain, Esq.

CERTAIN & ZILBERG, PLLC

Counsel for Plaintiff

488 Madison Avenue, 20<sup>th</sup> Floor New York, New York 10022

(212) 687-7800

COUNTY CLERK

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

INDEX NO. 615735/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 08/14/2019

ATTORNEY VERIFICATION

Adam P. Slater, an attorney duly admitted to practice law in the Courts of the State of

New York, hereby affirms the following statements to be true under the penalties of perjury,

pursuant to Rule 2106 of the CPLR:

Your affirmant is a partner of Slater Slater Schulman LLP, attorneys for the Plaintiff in

the within action;

That he has read the foregoing Complaint and knows the contents thereof; that the same

is true to his own knowledge, except as to the matters therein stated to be alleged upon

information and belief, and that as to those matters he believes it to be true.

Affirmant further states that the source of his information and the grounds for his belief

are derived from interviews with the Plaintiff and from the file maintained in the normal course

of business.

Affirmant further states that the reason this verification is not made by the Plaintiff is that

the Plaintiff is not presently within the County of New York, which is the county wherein the

attorneys for the Plaintiff herein maintain their offices.

Dated: Melville, New York

August 14, 2019

Adam P. Slater, Esq.

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

INDEX NO. 615735/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 08/14/2019

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE NEW YORK COUNTY OF SUFFOLK	
BRIAN O'HARA,	Index No.:
Plaintiff, - against -	
THE DIOCESE OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE and ST. PATRICK ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH OF BAY SHORE,	
Defendants.	

## **SUMMONS & VERIFIED COMPLAINT**

Slater Slater Schulman LLP Attorneys For Plaintiff 488 Madison Avenue, 20<sup>th</sup> Floor New York, New York 10022

(212)922-0906

Certain & Zilberg, PLLC

Attorneys For Plaintiff

488 Madison Avenue, 20<sup>th</sup> Floor
New York, New York 10022

(212)687-7800

#### **CERTIFICATION**

Pursuant to 22 NYCRR §130-1.1-a, the undersigned, an attorney duly admitted to practice in the courts of the State of New York, certifies that, upon information and belief, and reasonable inquiry, the contentions contained in the annexed document are not frivolous as defined in subsection (c) of the aforesaid section.

Adam P. Slater, Esq.

Fary Certain, Esq.